

Article

Eradication of Tax from the Free World

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Abstract

In this research paper, the researcher would like to concentrate on the word tax and anthropological effect on the people and the importance for being politically correct. The researcher Would like to focus on the word tax which generally means to burden words such as taxes have a negative impact on the thoughts of the current generation. In this research paper, the researcher would like not to eradicate the word tax but to find an alternator to replace the word tax. The main focus of the study is the power of words and what impact it holds upon the people. As each word has a different impact on the minds of the people. Research is based on pure logic and none other. The research paper would like to conclude simply changing the word tax would create a big impact in the minds of many.

Keywords: tax, eradication, words, anthropology, politically correct vocabulary

Introduction:

The word 'tax' first showed up in the English language just in the fourteenth century. It gets from the Latin tax are which signifies 'to evaluate'. Prior to that, English utilized the related word 'task', from Old French. For some time, 'undertaking' and 'tax' were both in like manner, the first requiring work, the subsequent cash. 'Tax' at that point built up its importance to suggest something wearisome or testing. So words like 'obligation' were utilized to recommend an additionally engaging reason. Political turn has similarly as long a history as taxation, and neither has been confined unduly by the significance of words.

Worldwide accord

As the Cold War reached a conclusion, triumphant free-advertise universality requested 'little' government, privatization and cuts in taxes on the abundance of private people and enterprises. Corporate globalization was, on any occasion, making it increasingly hard for country states to practice control (or gather taxes), as opposed to rival each other to offer the most positive rates. In Russia, the tax rap turned into a patriot apparatus against oligarchs and outside organizations. All over the place, the 'neoliberal' process has proceeded, however, its result is progressively questionable. Open use as an extent of national riches has not fallen in rich

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nations. Private or corporate riches still depend on governments to give (or, all the more regularly, fund) a huge scope of administrations – including 'bail-outs' sans when showcase universality ends up being defective, as in the ongoing 'credit crunch'. Military consumptions have still not been diminished fundamentally. In poor nations, incomes for urgently required open administrations stay negligible. A 'worldwide accords concur, as the maxim goes, that 'love the little individuals cover tax'.

Objectives:

To study tax and impact on human mind and social progress

To study the evolution of tax

To study the power of words on the mass mind

To find suitable alternative that will certainly contribute to human progress

Materials and methods:

The current study is based on the empirical form of research. major contribution of the study is to collect the facts of the particular area off the research. the Research Design is exploratory and experimental. it explores mindset to which people relate to when they hear the word tax data is collected to two secondary sources surcharge books, journals, articles, reports, newspapers.

Anthropology and linguistic anthropology:

Anthropology is the scientific study of humans, human behavior and societies within the past and present. social anthropology studies patterns of behaviour and cultural anthropology studies cultural meaning, including norms and values. Linguistic anthropology studies how language influences social life. there are multitudes of examples relating to its impact (Linguistic anthropology).

Political correctness:

Political correctness may be a pejorative for “**respectful behaviour**”, though some would argue it means using words or behaviour which can not offend any group of individuals . it's important for everybody to be treated equitably and with dignity. Some words that marginalise people are used for an extended time. That doesn't make them right. a number of these words have now been replaced by other words that aren't oppressive. These new words are described as correctness , though they ought to just be described as ”**respectful language**”.

Predictive programming:

Predictive programming may be a recurring element across many conspiracy theories. The claim is that when conspirators plan a false flag operation, they hide references thereto within the popular media before the atrocity takes place; when the event occurs, the general public has softened up, and thus passively accepts it instead of offering resistance or opposition.

The idea originates in conspiracist pareidolia, seeing the important world as a rather surreal literary construct complete with foreshadowing; the idea is invoked to undertake to elucidate why anyone would even do such a thing within the world. The main problems with the concept are ridiculous infeasibility of the conspiracies that might be required, and therefore the contrived nature of the idea itself, where the less realistic an example is, the stronger it's alleged to be. The logical fallacies involved are cherry-picking and special pleading.

How it works:

The theory is employed to push implausible claims about the longer term . The totalitarian United States government in films like *The Hunger Games* is taken as foreshadowing of such a government actually. actually, just about any totalitarian government in fiction: predictive programming predicts that folks would be more likely to simply accept the thought supported exposure to the concept in fiction. That the govt is portrayed as a villain to be resisted is claimed to be irrelevant; mere exposure to an idea is claimed to induce acquiescence thereto . fantasy adds a surreal tinge, therefore disarming the general public from experiencing it as undesirable.

Problems faced in the theory:

The first problem is that the question of why nobody within the show business has leaked this information out. consistent with the instance from Icke mentioned above, the shot in *Dark Knight Rises* showing a close-up of a map with the name "Sandy Hook" visible is deliberate predictive programming. If that were the case, then logically several people involved within the shot would be in on the conspiracy: the director, the cameraman, whoever obtained a map showing Sandy Hook as a prop, and therefore the stage hand who positioned the map on the table within the right position. Or just one person using CGI; just the editor himself, an article underline or one infiltrator. If plans to commit mass murders are regularly being revealed to the show business , and therefore the information is seemingly reaching low-level workers like cameramen and stage hands, then surely one among them would have blown the whistle by now?

Unless, that is, they believe that they're just making a movie. Quart and Auster means in "American Film and Society Since 1945", Second Edition, pg. 2-3, "The industry isn't a mirror of public feelings and habits, nor can one make the vulgar, mechanistic connection that suggests that the industry is a few evil empire conspiratorially shaping the social values and politics of a supine public. there's no doubt , however, that Hollywood's genius for manufacturing and publicizing seductive images like John Wayne's War II heroes—icons who had a profound effect on the lives of countless young Vietnam enlistees—should not be minimized. These images often become a substitute for reality for his or her audience."

Suggestions:

In this research paper, the researcher has studied the psychological effects of the word tax and its relation to the public. the first and foremost thought when a person hears the word tax is related to burden. Henceforth in the quest to find a better and alternate to word to replace the word tax research has studied the main objectives of tax and the purpose of why it was

implemented. The search leads to various words such as contribution, hands out, substitution, grant, endowment and various other words that could potentially be used instead of the word tax. But vs humans connecting to our ancestors from several decades from behind the most simplest word we can use to replace the word tax is "seed". As the seed is potential enough to create a forest. And the main objective of tax is not to burden but to help create a Sustainable Society in which the people of the country can live happily. The title of this research paper itself demonstrates that the statement is both true and false at the same time. It creates a provocative environment to ponder upon the emotional response that words can create on the conditioned mind.

Conclusion:

The researcher would like to conclude the research by stating that simply replacing the word tax with the word seed can cause a dramatic change in the minds of the general public and would help the general public to see a not there taxes but their seeds so that they can see their seeds become into great revolutionary change in the society. Hence the first step needed in order to bring the change, we have to replace the relative meaning of the word tax with the emotional meaning of the word seed in our minds and by doing so we have taken the first step to change the trajectory for a better and brighter sustainable and inclusive future.

**“Words have power to start war,
End conflicts,
And create change.”**

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